

WebAuth Bundle for Cisco IOS XE Version 3.6.0 for Cisco WLC 5760 and Catalyst 3850 Series Readme

7/2/2014

This document supports the release of WebAuth bundle, which can be installed along with the Cisco IOS XE Version 3.6.0 for the Cisco WLC 5760 and Catalyst 3850 series.

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2 Prerequisites for WebAuth Testing

Before You Begin

Before configuring and customizing Webauth, please ensure the following conditions are fulfilled:

1. Your Personal Computer (PC) gets an IP address on an open SSID
2. Your PC is able to ping the default gateway
3. Your PC identifies and locates the DNS-server (ipconfig/all)
4. Your PC is able to resolve names (with `nslookup <variable name>`)
5. Your PC is able to access the internet

Note

- To force the Webauth user to re-authenticate during testing from the CLI, enter the following command:
`show wireless client summary
wireless client mac-address <mac> deauthenticate`
- To force the Webauth user to re-authenticate during testing from the GUI, navigate to: **Monitor > Clients > Choose client > Remove**
 - The MAC address of the user is visible on the PC (ipconfig/all) and depending on the connection, in the WLC GUI (**monitor > clients**) or in the `show client summary` command from WLC CLI.

3 WebAuth Configuration

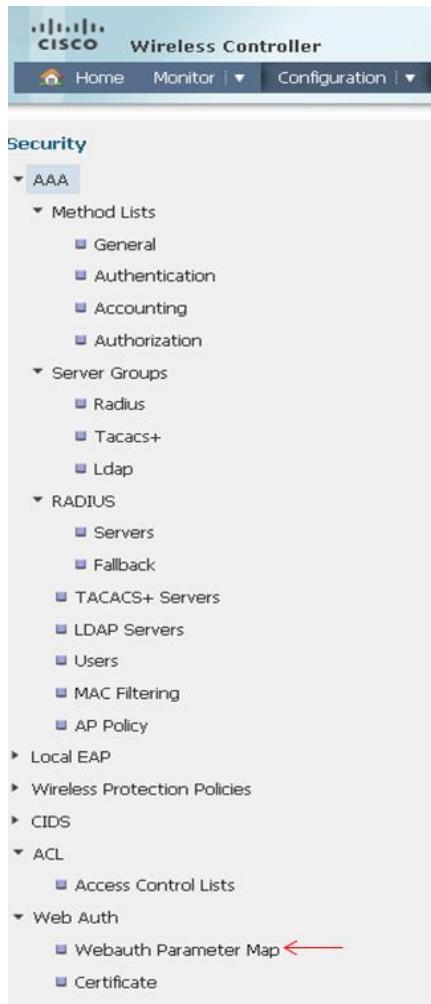
3.1 Local WebAuth using Local User Database

3.1.1 Local WebAuth – Local Net Users

Using GUI

To define the Global Parameter Map where the virtual IP address is defined, complete these steps:

Step 1: Navigate to **Configuration > Security > Web Auth > Webauth Parameter Map**



Step 2: Click the **global** parameter map and define the virtual IPv4 address (described in the next figure).

This screenshot shows the 'Webauth Parameter Map' configuration page. The left sidebar lists AAA, Method Lists (General, Authentication, Accounting, Authorization), Server Groups (Radius, Tacacs+, Ldap), and RADIUS. The main area has tabs for 'New' and 'Remove'. A table lists parameter maps with the following entries:

Parameter-map name	Parameter-map type
global	Global
webparalocal	Named
vit_web	Named
vit_consent	Named
vit_custom_web	Named

A red arrow points to the 'global' entry in the table.

CISCO Wireless Controller

Home | Monitor | Configuration | Administration | Help

Security

- AAA
 - Method Lists
 - General
 - Authentication
 - Accounting
 - Authorization
 - Server Groups
 - Radius
 - Tacacs+
 - Ldap
 - RADIUS
 - Servers
 - Fallback
 - TACACS+ Servers
 - LDAP Servers
 - Users
 - MAC Filtering

Weauth Parameter Map

Weauth Parameter Map > Edit

Parameter-map name	global
Banner	[Empty Box]
Maximum HTTP connections(1-200)	30
Timeout (1-65535 in minutes)	2
Virtual IPv4 Address	172.16.16.16
Virtual IPv6 Address	[Empty Box]
Customized page	
Failed authentication proxy	[Empty Box]
Auth-proxy login parameters	[Empty Box]
Expired authentication proxy	[Empty Box]

Step 3: Navigate back to the Parameter map tab and create a new parameter map of type Weauth; for example, name of the parameter map is vit_web.

CISCO Wireless Controller

Home | Monitor | Configuration | Administration | Help

Security

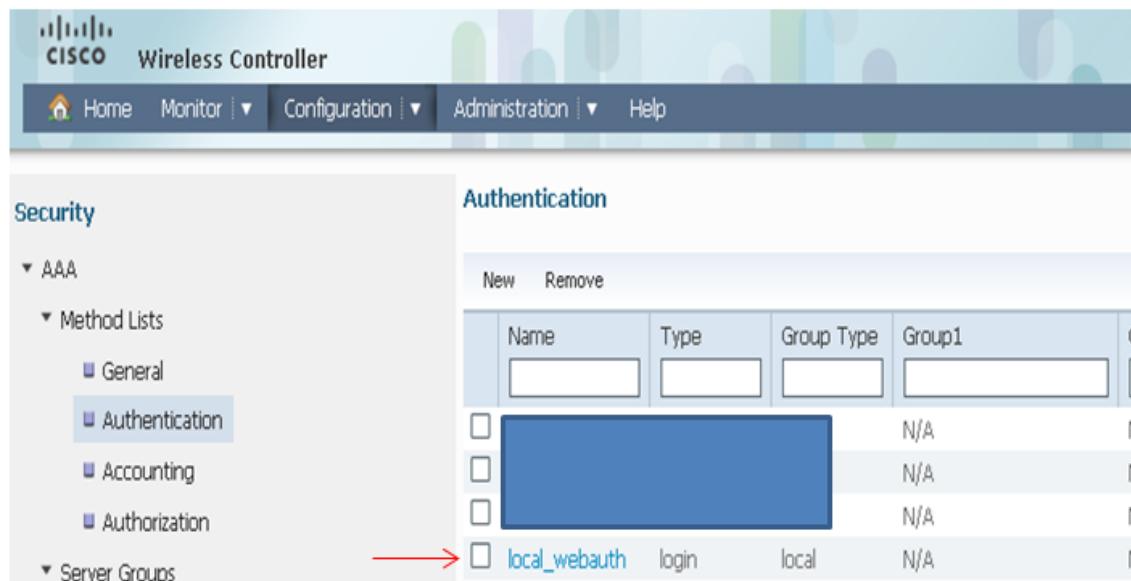
- AAA
 - Method Lists
 - General
 - Authentication
 - Accounting
 - Authorization
 - Server Groups
 - Radius
 - Tacacs+
 - Ldap
 - RADIUS
 - Servers
 - Fallback
 - TACACS+ Servers
 - LDAP Servers
 - Users

Weauth Parameter Map

Weauth Parameter Map > Edit

Parameter-map name	vit_web
Banner	[Empty Box]
Maximum HTTP connections(1-200)	[Empty Box]
Timeout (1-65535 in minutes)	[Empty Box]
Turn-on Consent with Email	<input type="checkbox"/>
Type - web-auth, consent or both	webauth
Customized page	
Failed authentication proxy	[Empty Box]
Auth-proxy login parameters	[Empty Box]

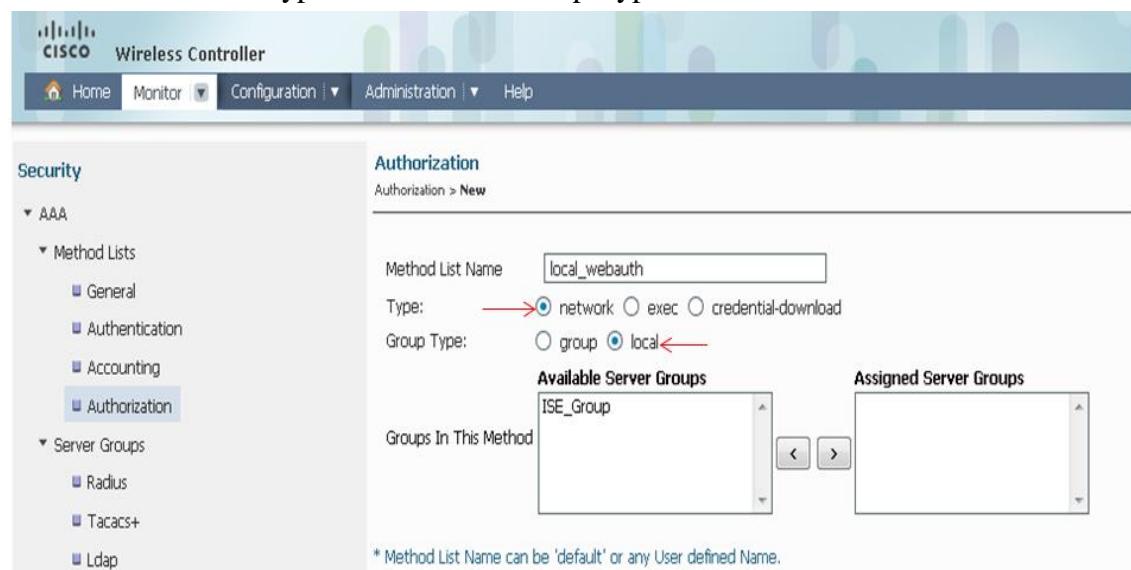
Step 4: Create a method list for local authentication and authorization; for example, local_webauth.



The screenshot shows the Cisco Wireless Controller's configuration interface under the 'Security' section. In the 'AAA' menu, 'Method Lists' is expanded, and 'Authentication' is selected. On the right, the 'Authentication' table lists a single entry: 'local_webauth' (Type: login, Group Type: local). A red arrow points to this entry.

	Name	Type	Group Type	Group1
<input type="checkbox"/>	local_webauth	login	local	N/A

Step 5: For the authorization method list, create a new method list named local_webauth. Select **network** for Type and **local** for Group Type.



The screenshot shows the Cisco Wireless Controller's configuration interface under the 'Security' section. In the 'AAA' menu, 'Authorization' is selected. On the right, the 'Authorization > New' page is displayed. The 'Method List Name' field contains 'local_webauth'. Under 'Type', the 'network' radio button is selected (indicated by a red arrow). Under 'Group Type', the 'local' radio button is selected (also indicated by a red arrow). Below these fields are two lists: 'Available Server Groups' (containing 'ISE_Group') and 'Assigned Server Groups' (empty). A note at the bottom states: '* Method List Name can be 'default' or any User defined Name.'

Step 6: You would need another authorization method list for using local net users for authentication. Create a method list called **default**, select **credential-download** as the **Type** and **local** as the **Group Type**.

CISCO Wireless Controller

Home Monitor ▾ Configuration ▾ Administration ▾ Help

Security

- AAA
 - Method Lists
 - General
 - Authentication
 - Accounting
 - Authorization** ←
 - Server Groups
 - Radius
 - Tacacs+
 - Ldap

Authorization
Authorization > New

Method List Name:	default	←
Type:	<input type="radio"/> network <input type="radio"/> exec <input checked="" type="radio"/> credential-download	←
Group Type:	<input type="radio"/> group <input checked="" type="radio"/> local	←
Available Server Groups		Assigned To
Groups In This Method		ISE_Group

* Method List Name can be 'default' or any User defined Name.

Step 7: The **Authorization** summary page lists the Method List added, in this case — **default** and **local_webauth**.

CISCO Wireless Controller

Home Monitor ▾ Configuration ▾ Administration ▾ Help

Security

- AAA
 - Method Lists
 - General
 - Authentication
 - Accounting
 - Authorization**
 - Server Groups
 - Radius
 - Tacacs+

Authorization

New Remove				
Name	Type	Group Type	Group1	
<input type="checkbox"/>				
<input type="checkbox"/>	local_webauth	network	local	N/A
<input type="checkbox"/>	default	credential-download	local	N/A

Step 8: Create local net users by navigating to **Configuration > Security > RADIUS > Users** and enter the **username**, **privilege**, **password** and **type** (example: network-user)

The screenshot shows the Cisco Wireless Controller's configuration interface. On the left, the navigation pane under 'Security' is expanded, showing 'AAA' and its sub-options: Method Lists (General, Authentication, Accounting, Authorization), Server Groups (Radius, Tacacs+, Ldap), RADIUS (Servers, Fallback, TACACS+ Servers, LDAP Servers, Users), and MAC Filtering. The 'Users' option under RADIUS is highlighted with a red arrow. On the right, the 'AAA Users' page is displayed with the title 'AAA Users > New'. The form fields include: User Name (viten_webauth), Privilege (15), Password and Confirm Password (both masked), Type (default), and a dropdown menu showing 'default', 'lobby-admin', 'mgmt-user', and 'network-user'. The 'network-user' option is also highlighted with a red arrow.

Step 9: When you select the **network-user** as the **Type**, an additional option of **Guest User** is displayed.

This screenshot shows the 'AAA Users > Edit' page for the user 'viten_webauth'. The 'Type' field is set to 'network-user'. A new checkbox labeled 'Guest User' is checked. Other visible fields include: User Name (viten_webauth), Privilege (15), Password and Confirm Password (both masked), Description (empty), Creation Time (Thu May 16 2013 10:40:59 GMT-0400 (Eastern Daylight Time)), Validity (None), Set Validity (checked), Lifetime (2013 year 9 hours, May month 38 mins, 16 day 0 secs), and a 'Description' field which has 'Guest User' typed into it.

Step 10: Navigate to Configuration > WLANS > New

Step 11: Set the interface and enable the WLAN. Navigate to the Security tab and disable Layer 2 security. Navigate to Layer 3 security tab, enable **Web Policy** and enter the name

of the **Webauth Profile** (example: local_webauth) and select the **Webauth Parameter Map** (example: vit_web). Click **Apply**.

Step 12: Navigate to **Client > Detail** to view the client details for an authenticated user.

Client Properties		AP Properties	
Mac Address	68:A8:6D:52:EE:2A	AP Address	A4:18:75:51:2C:E0
IPv4 Address	192.168.154.151	AP Name	Viten_3602
IPv6 Address	None	AP Type	802.11n
User Name	viten_webauth	Wlan Profile	viten_webauth
Port Number	1	Status	Associated
Interface	Viten	Association ID	1
Vlan ID	254	802.11 Authentication	Open System
CCX Version	No CCX support	Reason Code	1
E2E Version	No E2E support	Status Code	0
Mobility Role	Local	CF Pollable	Not implemented
Policy Manager State	RUN	CF Pollable Request	Not implemented
Management Frame Protection	Disabled	Short Preamble	Implemented
Uptime(sec)	70	PBCC	Not implemented
Power Save Mode	ON	Channel Agility	Not implemented
Current TxRateSet	m18	Re-Authentication Timeout	N/A
Data RateSet	11,0,12,0,18,0,24,0,36,0,48,0,54,0	Remaining Re-Authentication Timeout	0

Configure Http Server

Use the following command to configure Http server:

```
!
ip http server
no ip http secure-server
# required if https need to be configured
```

Check/ Enable Other Configuration

Use the following command to check/enable other configuration:

```
ip device tracking
```

3.2 Local WebAuth Configuration Example (Using CLI)

- AAA Part

- **aaa authentication login local_webauth local**
- **aaa authorization network local_webauth local**
- **aaa authorization network default local**
- **aaa authorization credential-download default local**

Syntax	Description
<code>aaa authentication login local_webauth local</code>	Authentication method list for login.
<code>aaa authorization network local_webauth local</code>	Authorization method list for the network.
<code>aaa authorization network default local</code>	Authorization method list for local user.
<code>aaa authorization credential-download default local</code>	Authorization method list for use of local credentials.

- Parameter-Map

- **parameter-map type webauth global**
virtual-ip ipv4 172.16.16.16
- **parameter-map type webauth vit_web**
type webauth
banner

Syntax	Description
<code>parameter-map type webauth global</code> <code>virtual-ip ipv4 172.16.16.16</code>	Global parameter map is used to define the virtual IP address.

parameter-map type webauth <i>vit_web</i> type webauth banner	Named parameter map (example: <i>vit_web</i>) with the Type set as Webauth.
---	--

Note

The above example is a simple configuration example. There are other options for the field type such as consent, webconsent and so on.

- WLAN Configuration

```
wlan viten_webauth 7 viten_webauth
  client vlan Viten
  no security wpa
  no security wpa akm dot1x
  no security wpa wpa2
  no security wpa wpa2 ciphers aes
  security web-auth
  security web-auth authentication-list local_webauth
  security web-auth parameter-map vit_web
  session-timeout 1800
  no shutdown
```

Syntax	Description
security web-auth	Set the SSID to security web-auth
security web-auth authentication-list <i>local_webauth</i>	Call the method list.
security web-auth parameter-map <i>vit_web</i>	Call the parameter map.

Note

To add network users to the switch for local authentication, enter 123 as both username and password.

3.3 Local WebAuth Using RADIUS Authentication

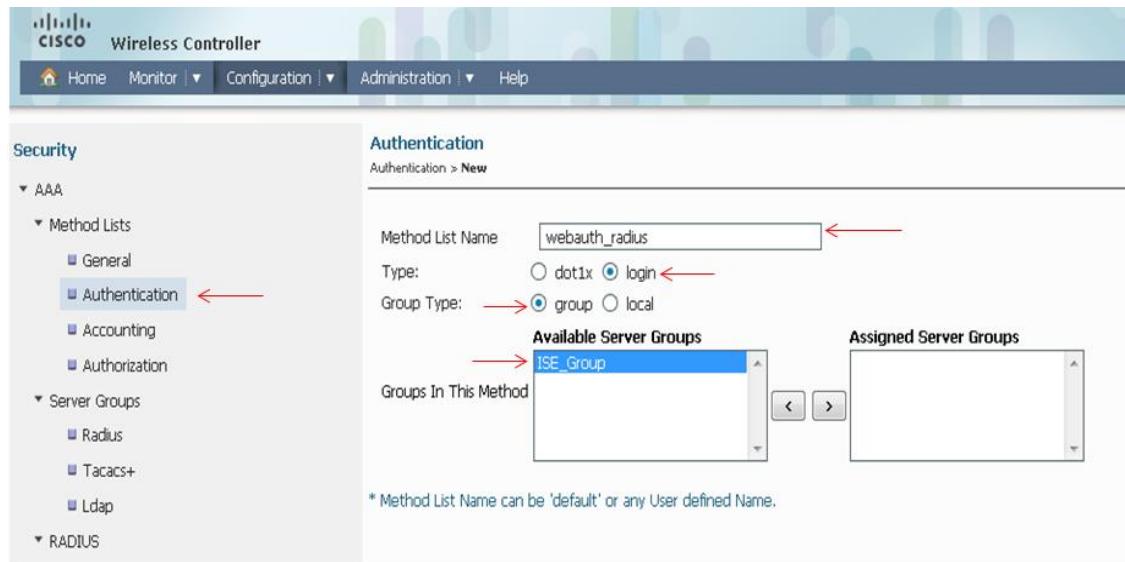
Using GUI

The only difference between the local Webauth, local authentication, and local Webauth using RADIUS authentication is the authentication and authorization method list.

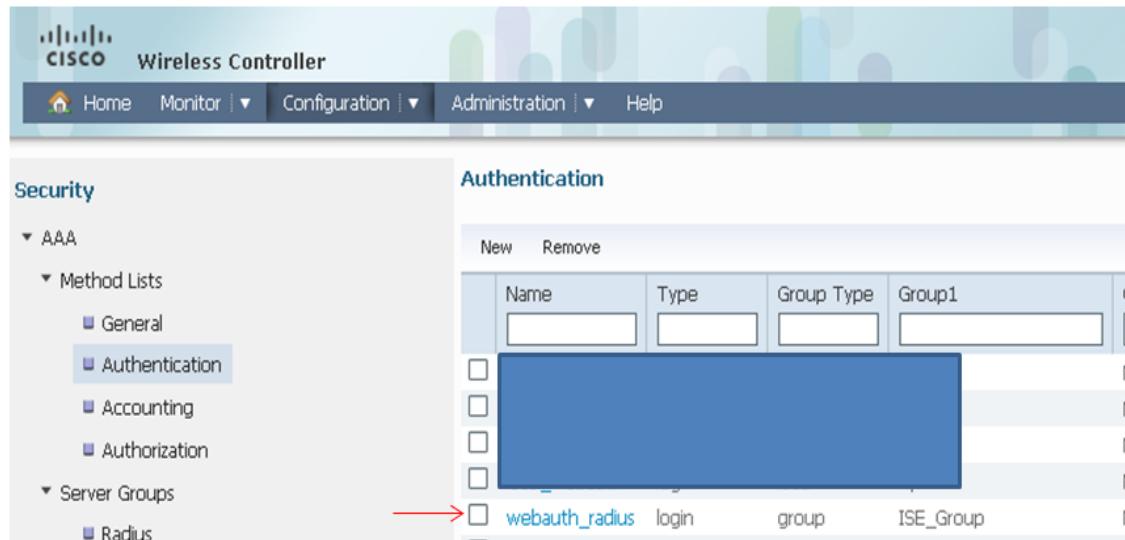
- Create a new authentication method list and point it to the RADIUS server group.
- Create a new authorization method list and point it to the RADIUS server group.

To create a new authentication method list such as *webauth_radius*, complete these steps:

Step 1: Navigate to Configuration > Security > AAA > Method List > Authentication > New and select **login** as the **Type** (which is used for Webauth), and **group** as the **Group Type**. Select the RADIUS server group (example: ISE_Group).



Step 2: You can view the Authentication Method list in the **Authentication** summary page.



To create a new authorization method list such as webauth_radius, complete these steps:

Step 1: Navigate to Configuration > Security > AAA > Method List > Authorization > New and select **network** as the **Type** and **group** as the **Group Type**. Select the RADIUS server group (example: ISE_Group).

Cisco Wireless Controller

Authorization
Authorization > New

Method List Name: ←

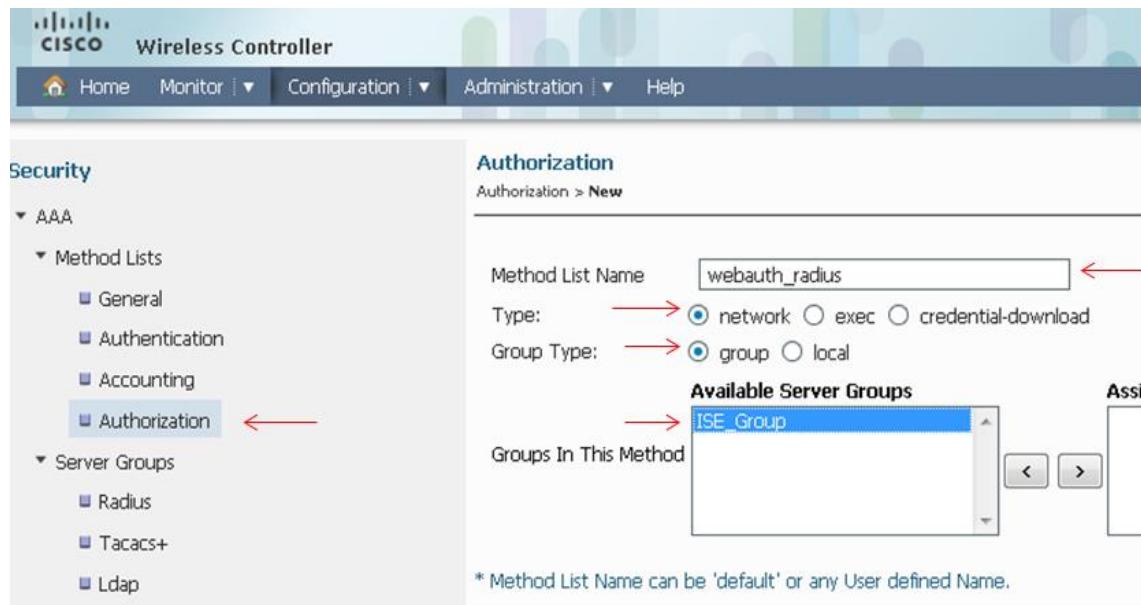
Type: network exec credential-download

Group Type: group local

Available Server Groups
ISE_Group

Groups In This Method

* Method List Name can be 'default' or any User defined Name.



Step 2: You can view the Authorization Method list in the **Authorization** summary page.

Cisco Wireless Controller

Authorization
Authorization > New

Method List Name: ←

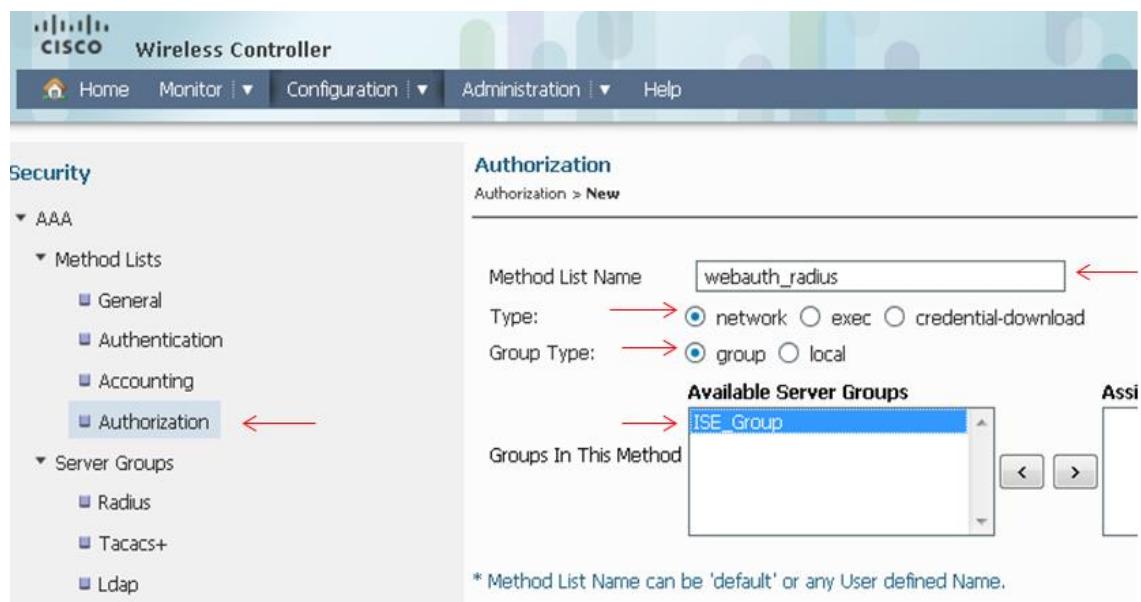
Type: network exec credential-download

Group Type: group local

Available Server Groups
ISE_Group

Groups In This Method

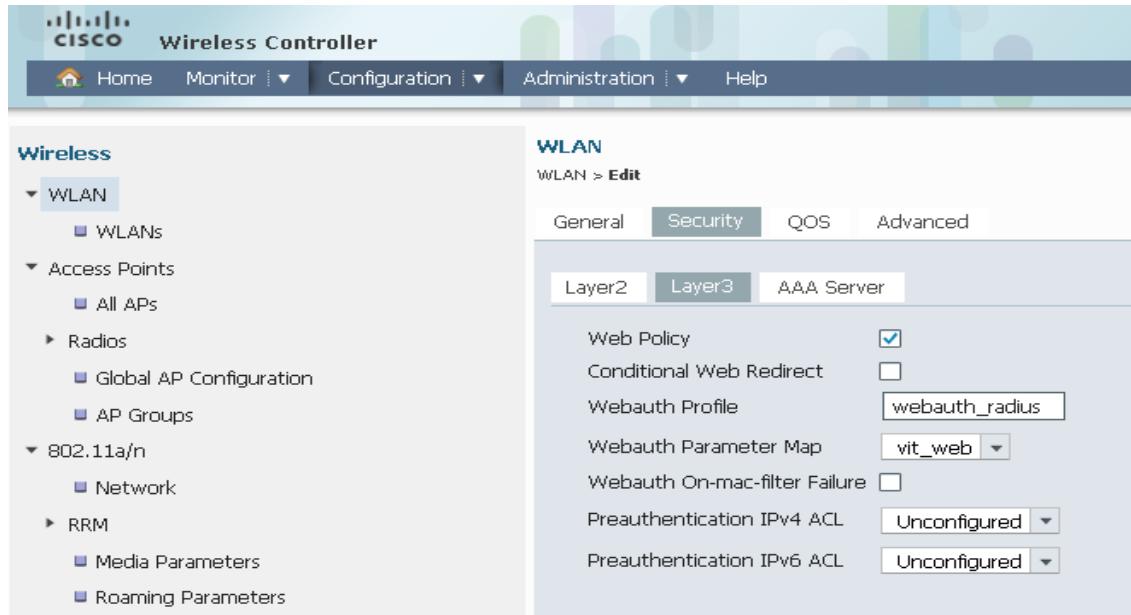
* Method List Name can be 'default' or any User defined Name.



WLAN Configuration

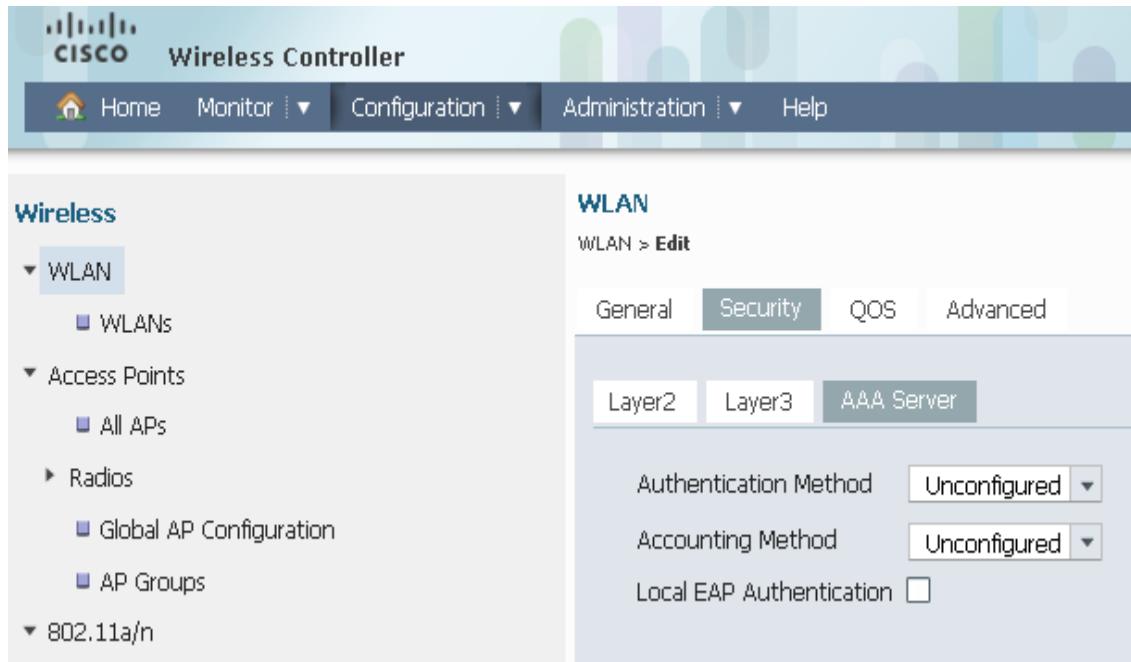
To configure WLAN complete these steps:

Step 1: Select the appropriate Webauth parameter map and enter the method list which uses the RADIUS server group for authentication and authorization (example: webauth_radius)



Note

Leave the AAA server unconfigured.



Using CLI

- AAA part
 - `aaa authentication login webauth_radius group ISE_Group`
 - `aaa authorization network webauth_radius group ISE_Group`
 - `aaa group server radius ISE_Group`
`server name ISE`
 - `radius server ISE`
`address ipv4 192.168.154.119 auth-port 1812 acct-port 1813`
`key ww-wireless`

Syntax	Description
<code>aaa authentication login webauth_radius group ISE_Group</code>	Authentication method list for the login.
<code>aaa authorization network webauth_radius group ISE_Group</code>	Authorization method list for the network.
<code>aaa group server radius ISE_Group</code>	Radius server group definition.
<code>server name ISE</code>	Radius server name.
<code>radius server ISE</code>	Defines Radius server ISE

3.4 Additional Information on Parameter-Maps

Global Parameter-Map

```
(config)#parameter-map type webauth global
```

```
3850(config-params-parameter-map) #?
```

Pre Parameter-Map Params Commands	Description
<code>banner</code>	Banner file or text.
<code>custom-page</code>	Custom-page - login, expired, success or failure page.
<code>exit</code>	Exits from parameter-map params configuration mode.
<code>max-http-conns</code>	Maximum number of HTTP connections per clients.
<code>intercept-https-enable</code>	Enable intercept of https traffic

no	Negates a command or set its defaults.
ratelimit	Rate limit on number of Webauth sessions.
redirect	Redirects the URL.
timeout	Timeout for the initial state of Webauth.
virtual-ip	Virtual IP address.
watch-list	Watch list of Webauth clients.

User Defined Named Parameter-Map

```
3850 (config) #parameter-map type webauth test
3850 (config-params-parameter-map) #?
```

Pre Parameter-Map Params Commands	Description
banner	Banner file or text.
consent	Consent parameters
custom-page	Custom-page - login, expired, success or failure page.
exit	Exits from the parameter-map params configuration mode.
max-http-conns	Maximum number of HTTP connections per client.
no	Negates a command or set its defaults.
redirect	Redirects the URL.
timeout	Timeout for the initial state of Webauth.
type	Type of parameter - web-auth, consent or both.

3.5 Custom Local WebAuth Configuration Example

- AAA Part
 - **aaa authentication login local_webauth local**
 - **aaa authorization network local_webauth local**
 - **aaa authorization network default local**
 - **aaa authorization credential-download default local**

Syntax	Description
aaa authentication login local_webauth local	Authentication method list for login.
aaa authorization network local_webauth	Authorization method list for

local	the network.
aaa authorization network <i>default local</i>	Authorization method list for the local user.
aaa authorization credential-download <i>default local</i>	Authorization method list for use of local credentials.

- Parameter-Map

- ```
parameter-map type webauth global
 virtual-ip ipv4 172.16.16.16
```
  - ```
parameter-map type webauth vit_custom_web
    type webauth
    timeout init-state min 5
```

Syntax	Description
<pre>parameter-map type webauth global virtual-ip ipv4 172.16.16.16</pre>	Global parameter map used to define the virtual IP address.
<pre>timeout init-state min 5</pre>	Timeout for entering credentials.

```
custom-page login device flash:/custom_webauth/webauth_login.html
custom-page success device flash:/custom_webauth/webauth_success.html
custom-page failure device flash:/custom_webauth/webauth_failure.html
custom-page login expired device
flash:/custom_webauth/webauth_expired.html

banner text ^C Custom Webauth ^C
#Named parameter map (example: vit_custom_web) with type webauth.
```

- WLAN Configuration

```
wlan viten_webauth 8 viten_custom_webauth
    client vlan 263
    no security wpa
    no security wpa akm dot1x
    no security wpa wpa2
    no security wpa wpa2 ciphers aes
    security web-auth
    security web-auth authentication-list local_webauth
    security web-auth parameter-map vit_custom_web
    session-timeout 1800
    no shutdown
```

Syntax	Description

security web-auth	Sets the SSID to security web-auth.
security web-auth authentication-list <i>local webauth</i>	Calls the method list for authentication.
security web-auth parameter-map <i>vit custom web</i>	Calls the security parameter map.

Note

You can use the `copy tftp: flash:` command to copy the custom pages locally to the flash memory.

3.6 Custom External WebAuth Configuration Example

- AAA Part

Adding External RADIUS Server

For the purpose of the example, ISE is used:

- `radius server ISE`

```
address ipv4 192.168.154.119 auth-port 1812 acct-port 1813
key Cisco123
```
- `aaa group server radius rad_ise`

```
server name ISE
```

Syntax	Description
<code>radius server ISE</code> <code>address ipv4 192.168.154.119 auth-port 1812 acct-port 1813</code> <code>key Cisco123</code>	Defines the external RADIUS server.
<code>aaa group server radius rad_ise</code> <code>server name ISE</code>	Defines the AAA RADIUS group and specifies the RADIUS server to be used.

Creating Authentication Method Lists

- `aaa authentication login external_ise group rad_ise`
#Authentication method list (example: external_ise) which calls the RADIUS group server (example: rad_ise).

Creating Authorization Method Lists

- `aaa authorization network external_webauth group rad_ise`
#Authorization method list (example: external_webauth) which points to the RADIUS server group (example: rad_ise).

- Parameter-Map

- **parameter-map type webauth global**
virtual-ip ipv4 172.16.16.16
- **parameter-map type webauth vit_custom_external**
type webauth
redirect for-login
https://192.168.154.119:8443/guestportal/portals/external_webauth/portal.jsp
redirect portal ipv4 192.168.154.119
banner text ^C Custom Webauth External ^C

Syntax	Description
parameter-map type webauth <i>global</i> virtual-ip ipv4 172.16.16.16	Global parameter map used to define the virtual IP address.
parameter-map type webauth <i>vit_custom_external</i> type webauth redirect for-login <i>https://192.168.154.119:8443/guestportal/portals/external_webauth/portal.jsp</i>	ISE custom guest portal.
redirect portal ipv4 192.168.154.119	Redirects to ISE.
banner text ^C Custom Webauth External ^C	Named parameter map.

Note

- Optionally you could also mention the redirect on-success and redirect on-failure pages defined under the parameter-map.

```
redirect on-success url  
redirect on-failure url
```

- It is recommended that you disable the **Telnet/HTTP** access and only allow secure **SSH/HTTPS** access to devices.

- Pre Authentication Access Control List (ACL)

```
ip access-lists extended preauth_ise  
permit udp any eq bootps any  
permit udp any any eq bootpc  
permit udp any eq bootpc any
```

```

permit udp any any eq domain
permit udp any eq domain any

permit ip any host 192.168.154.119
permit ip host 192.168.154.119 any

```

Syntax	Description
ip access-lists extended <i>preauth_ise</i> permit udp any eq bootps any permit udp any any eq bootpc permit udp any eq bootpc any	Allows DHCP.
permit udp any any eq domain permit udp any eq domain any	Allows DNS.
permit ip any host 192.168.154.119 permit ip host 192.168.154.119 any	Allows access to and back from the ISE.

- WLAN Configuration

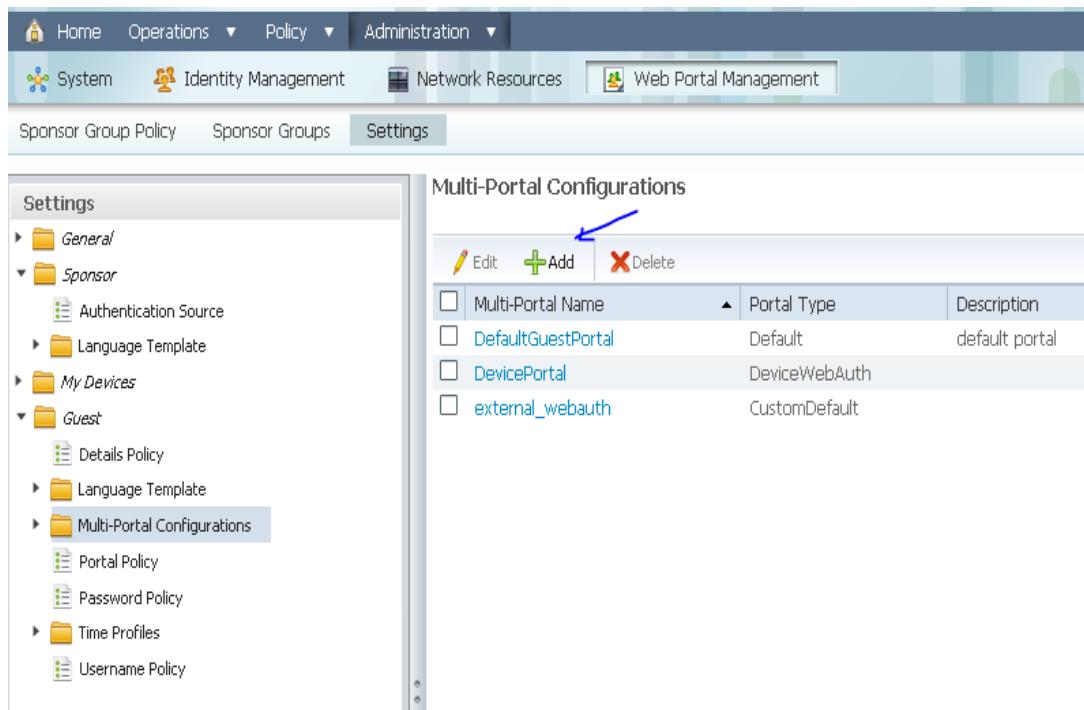
```

wlan viten_webauth 9 viten_custom_external
client vlan 254
ip access-group web preauth_ise
no security wpa
no security wpa akm dot1x
no security wpa wpa2
no security wpa wpa2 ciphers aes
security web-auth
security web-auth authentication-list external_ise
security web-auth parameter-map vit_custom_external
session-timeout 1800
no shutdown

```

Syntax	Description
ip access-group web <i>preauth_ise</i>	Pre-authentication for the ACL.
security web-auth	Sets the SSID to security web-auth .
security web-auth authentication-list <i>external_ise</i>	Calls the method list for authentication.
security web-auth parameter-map <i>vit_custom_external</i>	Calls the security parameter map.

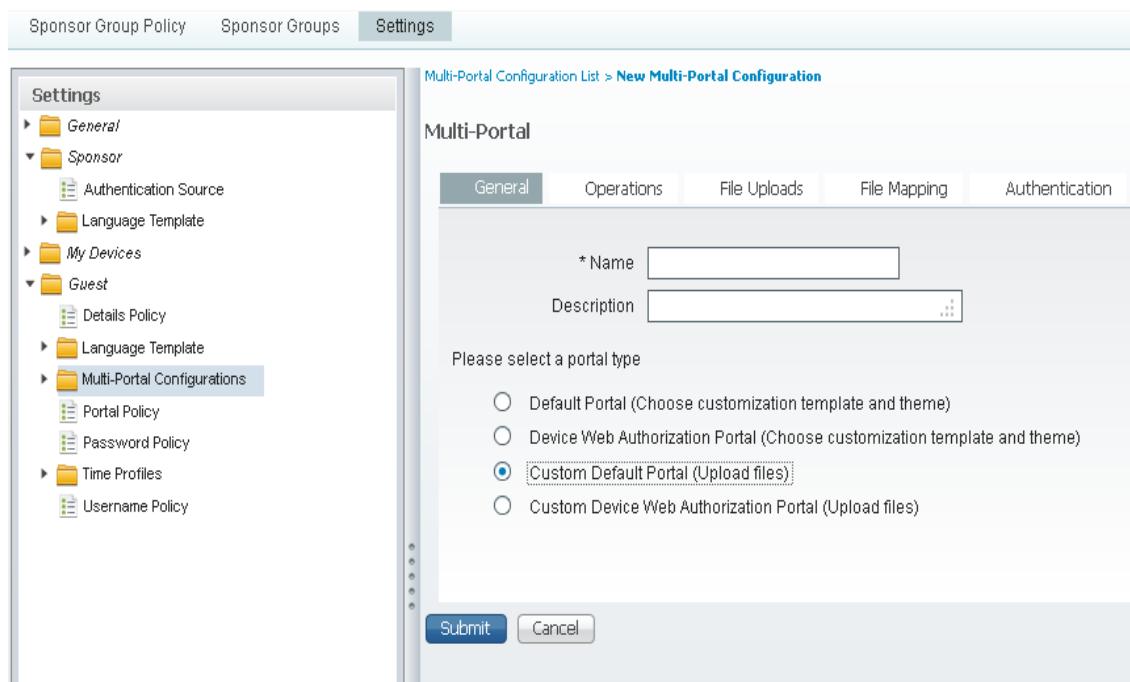
- ISE Custom Guest Portal Screenshots



The screenshot shows the Cisco ISE Administration interface. The top navigation bar includes Home, Operations, Policy, Administration, System, Identity Management, Network Resources, and Web Portal Management. The Web Portal Management tab is selected. Below it, the Sponsor Group Policy, Sponsor Groups, and Settings tabs are visible, with Settings selected. On the left, a sidebar menu under Settings shows General, Sponsor (selected), My Devices, Guest (selected), and Multi-Portal Configurations (selected). The main content area is titled "Multi-Portal Configurations". It features a table with columns for Multi-Portal Name, Portal Type, and Description. Three entries are listed: DefaultGuestPortal (Default, default portal), DevicePortal (DeviceWebAuth), and external_webauth (CustomDefault). A blue arrow points to the "+Add" button at the top of the table.

To add a custom default portal called **external_webauth**, complete these steps:

Step 1: Click Add and select Custom Default Portal



The screenshot shows the "New Multi-Portal Configuration" form. The top navigation bar and sidebar are identical to the previous screenshot. The main content area is titled "Multi-Portal Configuration List > New Multi-Portal Configuration". The "Multi-Portal" section has tabs for General, Operations, File Uploads, File Mapping, and Authentication. The General tab is selected. It contains fields for Name (with a required asterisk) and Description. Below these is a section titled "Please select a portal type" with five radio button options. The third option, "Custom Default Portal (Upload files)", is selected and highlighted with a blue border. At the bottom are "Submit" and "Cancel" buttons.

Step 2: Upload the login, success and failure pages. In this example the login page external_webauth.html is used.

Multi-Portal Configuration List > New Multi-Portal Configuration

Multi-Portal

General	Operations	File Uploads	File Mapping	Authentication						
<input type="button" value="Upload File"/> <input type="button" value="Delete File"/> Uploaded Files <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Name</th> <th>Description</th> <th>Size (Bytes)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>					Name	Description	Size (Bytes)			
Name	Description	Size (Bytes)								
<input type="button" value="Submit"/> <input type="button" value="Cancel"/>										

Settings

- General
- Sponsor
 - Authentication Source
 - Language Template
- My Devices
- Guest
 - Details Policy
 - Language Template
 - Multi-Portal Configurations
 - Portal Policy
 - Password Policy
 - Time Profiles
 - Username Policy

Multi-Portal Configuration List > external_webauth

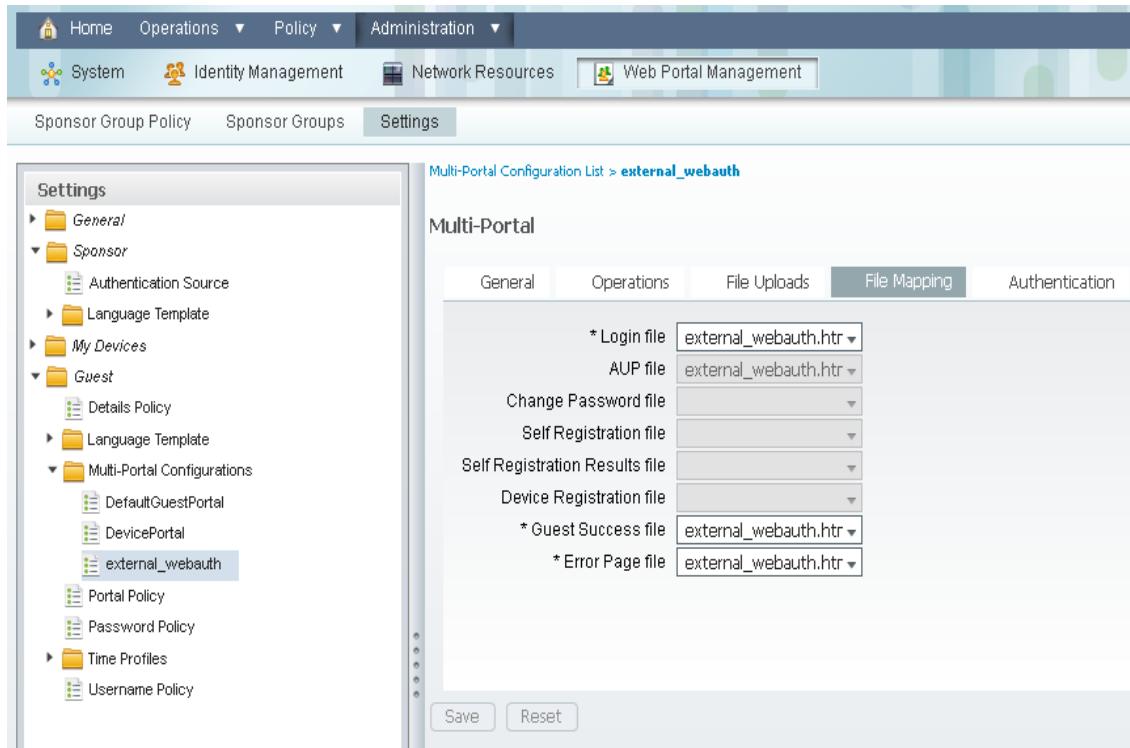
Multi-Portal

General	Operations	File Uploads	File Mapping	Authentication						
<input type="button" value="Upload File"/> <input type="button" value="Delete File"/> Uploaded Files <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Name</th> <th>Description</th> <th>Size (Bytes)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>external_web...</td> <td>external_webauth.html</td> <td>1529</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>					Name	Description	Size (Bytes)	external_web...	external_webauth.html	1529
Name	Description	Size (Bytes)								
external_web...	external_webauth.html	1529								
<input type="button" value="Save"/> <input type="button" value="Reset"/>										

Settings

- General
- Sponsor
 - Authentication Source
 - Language Template
- My Devices
- Guest
 - Details Policy
 - Language Template
 - Multi-Portal Configurations
 - DefaultGuestPortal
 - DevicePortal
 - external_webauth
 - Portal Policy
 - Password Policy
- Time Profiles
- Username Policy

Step 3: In File Mapping tab, map the uploaded HTML pages (In this example, external_webauth.html that was uploaded in the previous step is mapped against the Login file, AUP file, Guest Success file, and Error page file).

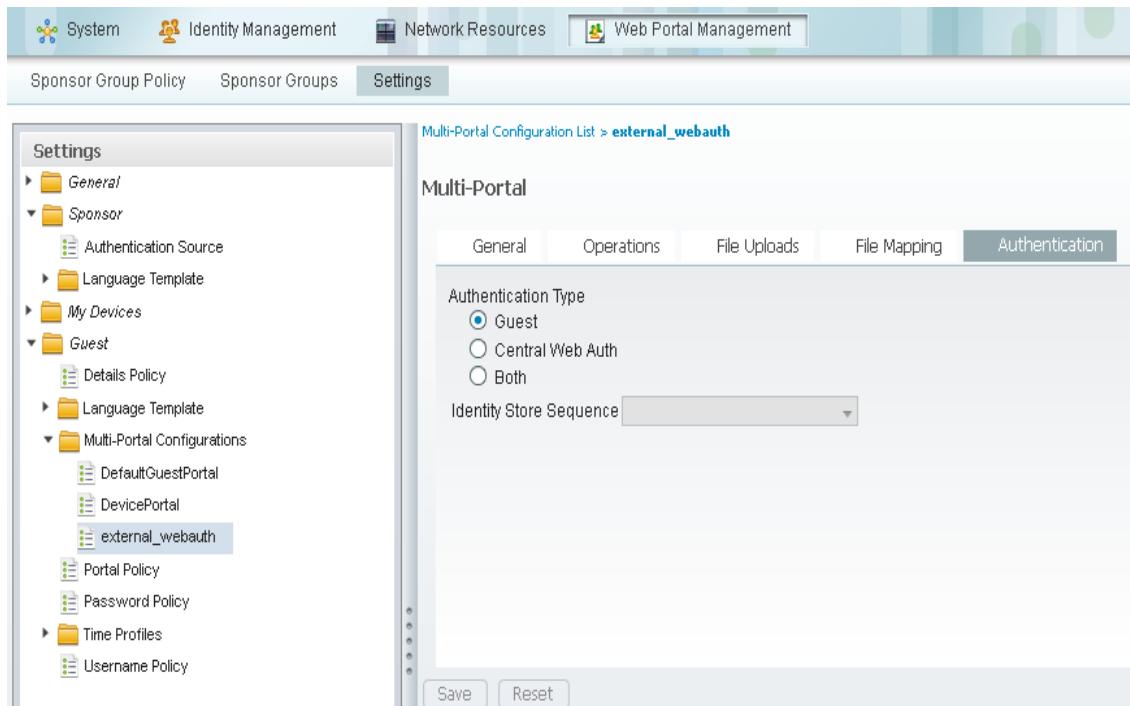


The screenshot shows the Cisco ISE Web Portal Management interface. The navigation bar includes Home, Operations, Policy, Administration, System, Identity Management, Network Resources, and Web Portal Management. The current view is under the Administration tab, specifically in the Multi-Portal section. The left sidebar shows a tree structure for Settings, including General, Sponsor, My Devices, Guest, and Multi-Portal Configurations, with 'external_webauth' selected. The main panel displays the 'Multi-Portal Configuration List > external_webauth' with the 'File Mapping' tab active. It lists several configuration files with dropdown menus for selection:

- * Login file: external_webauth.htr
- AUP file: external_webauth.htr
- Change Password file: (dropdown menu)
- Self Registration file: (dropdown menu)
- Self Registration Results file: (dropdown menu)
- Device Registration file: (dropdown menu)
- * Guest Success file: external_webauth.htr
- * Error Page file: external_webauth.htr

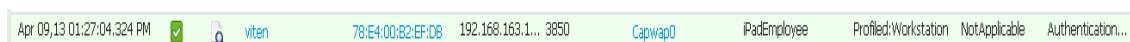
At the bottom are Save and Reset buttons.

Step 4: Click the Authentication tab and select the Authentication type required.



This screenshot shows the same interface as the previous one, but with the 'Authentication' tab selected in the Multi-Portal configuration list for 'external_webauth'. The left sidebar remains the same. The main panel shows the 'Multi-Portal Configuration List > external_webauth' with the 'Authentication' tab active. Under 'Authentication Type', the 'Guest' radio button is selected, while 'Central Web Auth' and 'Both' are unselected. A dropdown menu for 'Identity Store Sequence' is also present. At the bottom are Save and Reset buttons.

Step 5: The following screenshot shows the status of the authenticated user in the ISE Authentication success log page. The authorization policy returns an access-accept.



This screenshot shows a log entry from the Cisco ISE Authentication success log. The log details are as follows:

- Date: Apr 09,13 01:27:04.324 PM
- User: viten
- IP Address: 78:E4:00:B2:EF:D8
- Port: 192.168.163.1... 3850
- Protocol: Capwap0
- Device: iPadEmployee
- Profiled: Workstation
- Authorization: NotApplicable
- Authentication: Authentication...

Note

See the following URLs for more information about guest portal configuration on the ISE:

http://www.cisco.com/en/US/docs/security/ise/1.0.4/user_guide/ise10_guest_pol.pdf
http://www.cisco.com/en/US/docs/security/ise/1.1/user_guide/ise_guest_pol.pdf
http://www.cisco.com/en/US/docs/solutions/Enterprise/Borderless_Networks/Unified_Access/byoddg.html

3.7 Local Webauth – Caveats

- Sometimes clients may get stuck in the IP learn state. Make sure that IP DHCP snooping is enabled globally and also for the client VLAN.
- iPads may not redirect to the login page if the `ip http secure-server` command is used.

3.8 Useful debugs and show commands

```
debug ip device tracking obj-create
debug ip device tracking obj-destroy
debug aaa authentication
debug radius authentication
debug client mac-address <mac>
debug ip admissions [command family]

show run aaa
show run | section parameter
show wireless client mac-address <mac> detail
Debug ip http all
```

3.9 WebAuth Logout

The virtual IP address must not exist on the subnet or switch. Once the credentials are authenticated successfully, the user is shown the success-logout page. This is always generated by the switch, regardless of the custom page configuration.

The success-logout page contains two links and an input button. The **HERE** link opens the initial URL in a new window or tab. The **logout** link sends a **GET** request to the virtual IP which is intercepted by the switch, and you are logged out of the session.

Clicking the input button closes the window. This in turn, causes the javascript from the parent window (the login page) to either open the original URL or to open the URL that was assigned by the success-logout page (the final URL as shown in the debug command output).

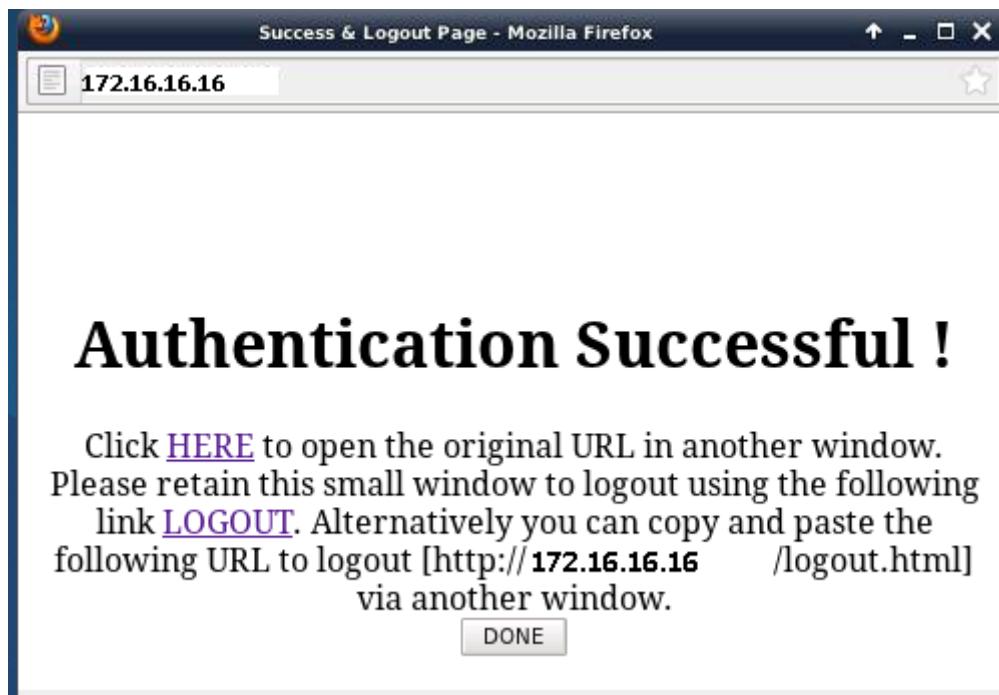
```
debug ip admission page
!
07:02:29: WA-PAGE : Gi1/0/10    [10.0.0.1] Send webauth logout page
07:02:29: WA-PAGE : Gi1/0/10    [10.0.0.1] initial url
[http://2.25.0.2/image.gif]
```

```
07:02:29: WA-PAGE : Gi1/0/10 [10.0.0.1] logout url  
[http://100.100.100.100/logout.html]  
07:02:29: WA-PAGE : Gi1/0/10 [10.0.0.1] final url  
[http://10.0.0.2/image.gif]
```

3.9.1 Login Page

The screenshot shows a web browser window with the title "Authentication Proxy Login Page". The URL bar contains "172.16.16.16/login.html". Below the URL bar, there is a "Search" button. The main content area is titled "Custom Webauth". It contains two input fields: one for "Username" and one for "Password". At the bottom left is an "OK" button.

3.9.2 Success-Logout Page



3.10 WebAuth Custom HTML Pages

The Custom page in Webauth allows customers to use their own HTML page for Webauth login, success, and failure pages instead of the default page. Customers can use the example HTML code given below as per their requirement and see the code in the 3850 switch and 5760 controller by downloading the HTML file to the flash memory.

```
!
conf t
parameter-map type webauth global
    virtual-ip ipv4 172.16.16.16
!
parameter-map type WEBAUTH
    type webauth
    custom-page login device flash:webauth_login.html
    custom-page login expired device flash:webauth_expire.html
    custom-page failure device flash:webauth_fail.html
    custom-page success device flash:webauth_success.html
!
```

Example of Copying HTML File to Flash

```
3850 #$/10.0.0.100/WebAuth/loginusername.html flash:login.html
Destination filename [login.html]?
Accessing tftp://10.0.0.100/WebAuth/loginusername.html...
Loading WebAuth/loginusername.html from 10.0.0.100 (via Vlan136): !
[OK - 1222 bytes]
```

Example to Check the Content of Flash

```
3850 #sh flash:
--length-- -----date/time----- path
1      109405 Feb 03 2012 11:15:44 +00:00 bellFpga03_0a.hex
2      1222 Jul 03 2013 19:47:55 +00:00 login.html
3      782 Jul 03 2013 19:48:35 +00:00 logsucess.html
```

3.10.1 Custom Consent Parameter-Map Configuration Example

Users can be allowed without authentication by just clicking the accept button in the consent login HTML page. To configure the parameter type as consent, use the below code:

```
parameter-map type webauth webparalocal
type consent
custom-page login device flash:webauth_consent.html
custom-page success device flash: webauth_success.html
custom-page failure device flash:webauth_failure.html
custom-page login expired device flash:webauth_expired.html
```

3.11 WebAuth Custom Pages on External Server

For a Webauth page to work on the external Webauth server, the HTML is similar to the custom webauth HTML pages, except that the form *action* specifies the virtual IP address so that the post is sent to the switch and not to the external server.

The success-logout page has the final URL set to the success page on the external server. Therefore, when the user clicks the **DONE** button on this page, the browser fetches the success page from the external server.

```
!
conf t
parameter-map type webauth global
  timeout init-state min 5
  virtual-ip ipv4 172.16.16.16
parameter-map type webauth WEBAUTH_CONSENT
  type webauth
  redirect portal ipv4 10.0.98.34
  redirect for-login http://10.0.98.34/~iwilson/login.html
  redirect on-success http://10.0.98.34/~iwilson/success.html
  redirect on-failure http://10.0.98.34/~iwilson/failure.html
```

3.11.1 External WebAuth with Custom Consent Page with Email Option

```
parameter-map type webauth webparalocal
  type consent
  consent email
    redirect for-login http://10.0.128.50/webauth/webauth_consent.html
    redirect on-success http://10.0.128.50/webauth/webauth_success.html
    redirect on-failure http://10.0.128.50/webauth/webauth_failure.html
    redirect portal ipv4 10.0.128.50
```

In this example, the virtual IP should be same on HTML and switch configuration.

```
parameter-map type webauth global
virtual-ip ipv4 172.16.16.16
```

3.12 Downloading Web Authentication Tar Bundle

You can download a tar bundle using the CLI or the GUI.

3.12.1 Downloading Web Authentication Tar Bundle (CLI)

You can download a tar bundle (.tar) containing all personalized files from the FTP or TFTP server.

- archive tar /xtract <transfer mode> ://<IP>/<location>/<login filename> < DIRECTORY>

Syntax	Description
archive tar /xtract <transfer mode> ://<IP>/<location>/<login filename> < DIRECTORY>	Specifies to download a tar bundle (.tar) from the FTP or TFTP server.

Example

```
Controller# archive tar /xtract tftp://9.1.0.100/user1/login.tar flash2
Controller# show flash:
59    4096 Jan 08 2014 13:19:33.000000000 +00:00 flash
60    2574 Jan 08 2014 13:19:51.000000000 +00:00 flash2/aup.html
61    4082 Jan 08 2014 13:19:51.000000000 +00:00 flash2/login.html
62    70123 Jan 08 2014 13:19:52.000000000 +00:00 flash2/yourlogo.jpg
63    344 Jan 08 2014 13:19:51.000000000 +00:00 flash2/failed.html
64    1653 Jan 08 2014 13:19:52.000000000 +00:00 flash2/logout.html
64    1653 Jan 08 2014 13:19:52.000000000 +00:00 flash2/expired.html
```

3.12.2 Downloading Web Authentication Tar Bundle (GUI)

Step 1: Select **Configuration > Commands > Download File** to open the Download File in the Controller GUI page.

Step 2: Select Webauth Bundle from the **File Type** drop-down list.

Step 3: From the **Transfer Mode** drop-down list, choose one of the following options:

- TFTP
- FTP

Step 4: Enter the IP address of the server in the **IP Address** field.

Step 5: Enter the directory path of the software in the **File Path** field.,

Step 6: enter the name of the controller software file (*filename.aes*) in the **File Name** field box.

CISCO Wireless Controller

Home Monitor | Configuration | Administration | Help

Commands

- Download File
- Upload File
- Reboot
- Reset to Factory Default
- Set Time

Download file to Controller

File type: Webauth Bundle

Transfer mode: TFTP
TFTP
FTP

Server Details

IP address:

File path: /

File name:

Clear Download file

Note: You can specify a path for downloading the tar file to different folder when using the CLI method only. It is not available in the GUI method.

The downloaded file is listed as a parameter map.

CISCO Wireless Controller

Home Monitor | Configuration | **Administration** | Help

Security

- AAA
 - Method Lists
 - General
 - Authentication
 - Accounting
 - Authorization
 - Server Groups
 - RADIUS
 - TACACS+ Servers
 - LDAP Servers
 - Users
 - MAC Filtering
 - AP Policy
 - Local EAP
 - Wireless Protection Policies
 - FQDN
 - ACL
 - Web Auth
 - Webauth Parameter Map
 - Certificate
 - Local Policies

Maximum HTTP connections(1-200): 30

Init-State Timeout (60-3932100 in seconds): 120

Fin-Wait Timeout (1-2147483647 in millisecond): 3000

Type: webauth

Turn-on Consent with Email:

Virtual IPv4 Address: 1.2.1.1

Virtual IPv4 hostname:

Virtual IPv6 Address:

Virtual IPv6 hostname:

Webauth intercept HTTPS:

Sleeping-Client

Status: Enabled

Timeout (60-2147483647 in minutes):

Customized page

Failed authentication proxy: flash:failed.html

Auth-proxy login parameters: flash:login.html

Expired authentication proxy: -Select-

Successful authentication proxy: flash:logout.html

3.12.3 Integrating Customized Web Authentication Pages into a Parameter Map (CLI)

By configuring the personalized pages into a parameter map, you can configure all the personalized pages together at one time. This minimizes the need of configuring all the four custom pages separately. You can configure any page separately, the others pages use the default configurations.

- **configure terminal**
 - **parameter-map type webauth name type webauth**
 - **custom-page login device flash:flash2/login.html**
 - **custom-page success device flash: flash2/logout.html**
 - **custom-page failure device flash: flash2/failed.html**
 - **end**
Ensure you download loginscript.js to the flash.
 - **show parameter-map type webauth name name**
The tar file which contain the custom logout should refer to loginscript.js in its html
- ```
<script language="javascript" src = "/loginscript.js"></script>
```

| Syntax                                                                                                                                                                                 | Description                                                                                                            |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>configure terminal</b><br><b>Example:</b><br>Controller# <b>configure terminal</b>                                                                                                  | Enters global configuration mode.                                                                                      |
| <b>parameter-map type webauth name type webauth</b><br><b>Example:</b><br>Controller(config)# <b>parameter-map type webauth WEB type webauth</b>                                       | Creates a parameter map.                                                                                               |
| <b>custom-page login device flash:flash2/login.html</b><br><b>Example:</b><br>Controller(config-params-parameter-map)# <b>custom-page login device flash:flash2/login.html</b>         | Configures the personalized pages into a parameter map                                                                 |
| <b>custom-page success device flash: flash2/logout.html</b><br><b>Example:</b><br>Controller(config-params-parameter-map)# <b>custom-page success device flash: flash2/logout.html</b> | Configures the personalized pages into a parameter map.                                                                |
| <b>end</b><br><b>Example:</b><br>Controller(config)# <b>end</b>                                                                                                                        | Returns to privileged EXEC mode.<br>Alternatively, you can also press <b>Ctrl-Z</b> to exit global configuration mode. |
| <b>show parameter-map type webauth name name</b><br><b>Example:</b><br>Controller# <b>show parameter-map type webauth name WEB</b><br>Parameter Map Name : WEB                         | Displays the user defined parameter map.                                                                               |

|                                              |  |
|----------------------------------------------|--|
| Type : webauth                               |  |
| Custom Page:                                 |  |
| Auth-proxy login : flash: flash2/login.html  |  |
| Auth-proxy Init State time : 120 sec         |  |
| Auth-proxy Fin Wait time : 3000 milliseconds |  |
| Webauth max-http connection : 30             |  |
| Webauth logout-window : Enabled              |  |
| Consent Email : Disabled                     |  |

### 3.12.4 Linking Image in Custom Pages

In custom pages, you can also send back images.

In releases earlier to software release 3E, the custom page had to contain the link to the image as an entire path, in the form of: . The IP address is the management IP address of the controller.

- `img src="./flash:web_auth_image.jpg" alt="name">`
- ``

| Syntax                                                                                                                                                                 | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <pre>&lt;img src="/flash:web_auth_image.jpg" alt="name"&gt;</pre> <p><b>Example:</b><br/> Controller# &lt;img src="./flash:web_auth_image.jpg"<br/> alt="name"&gt;</p> | <p>Specifies link image to the custom page. The virtual IP address is automatically used as a source. The logical link implies that you define the virtual IP address in the global parameter map.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> You can still define the full path of the image (with controller IP address). In such case, the IP address is either the management IP or the virtual IP (if configured).</p> |

## 3.12.5 WebAuth Page Behavior When Upgraded from Cisco IOS XE Version 3.3 to 3.6

After you upgrade to Cisco IOS XE Release 3.6E, the WebAuth success page behavior is different from the behavior seen in Cisco IOS XE Release 3.3.X SE. After a successful authentication on the WebAuth login page, the original requested URL opens in a pop-up window and not on the parent page. It is recommended to upgrade the WebAuth Tar Bundle in the same format as used by AireOS Wireless LAN Controllers, a sample of which is available on CCO.

## 4 How to Use WebAuth Bundle

The HTML files such as login, logout, expired, and failed, are grouped in separate folders—custom consent, custom webauth, custom webconsent, and external webauth page—in the Webauth bundle provided and can be customized for your requirement.

**Table:** WEBAUTH\_BUNDLE Categorization

| Folder         | HTML Files Available                                                                                       |
|----------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Custom Consent | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• consent.html</li><li>• failed.html</li><li>• logout.html</li></ul> |
| Custom Webauth | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• login.html</li><li>• failed.html</li><li>• logout.html</li></ul>   |

## 5 Obtaining Documentation, Obtaining Support, and Security Guidelines

For information on obtaining documentation, obtaining support, providing documentation feedback, security guidelines, and also recommended aliases and general Cisco documents, see the monthly *What's New in Cisco Product Documentation*, which also lists all new and revised Cisco technical documentation, at:

<http://www.cisco.com/en/US/docs/general/whatsnew/whatsnew.html>

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