#### Introduction

This document describes how to setup WireShark as a temporary MCU Syslog server for troubleshooting. Even though this guide is written towards use with an MCU, the same principals apply to all devices using WireShark as a temporary Syslog server.

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## Requirements

Cisco recommends that you have knowledge of these topics:

- Wireshark "display filters" and "capture filters"
- Codian MCU menu navigation

# Components Used

The information in this document is based on these software and hardware versions:

- Windows 7 VM hosting Wireshark (ver 1.12.7) IP: 14.80.98.182
- Codian 8510 MCU ver 4.5(1.55) IP: 14.80.76.9

The information in this document was created from the devices in a specific lab environment. All of the devices used in this document started with a cleared (default) configuration. If your network is live, make sure that you understand the potential impact of any command.

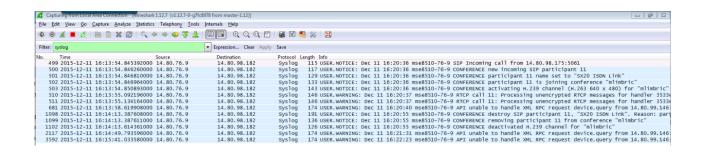
### Wireshark as a Syslog server

WireShark is a network protocol analyzer that allows you to run packet captures on a computer running the application. As WireShark can be used to capture all types of traffic, it can be handy to use for a temporary Syslog server when you are without one. Most of the time, customers will already have this tool installed on their PC which prevents having to find and download a syslog server and get approval. To get started, you will 1st need to download and install WireShark

#### https://www.wireshark.org/download.html

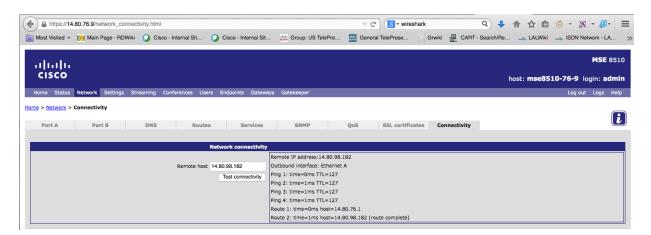
The simplest way to use Wireshark is to point the Syslog configuration of your device to a PC running Wireshark. Use the "display filter" of "syslog" to see the results and then export this data as a packet capture or as a text file.

As you can see below, I have captured a SIP call connecting to a conference and then disconnecting. At this point, I do not have the log levels turned up so there is minimal details here.

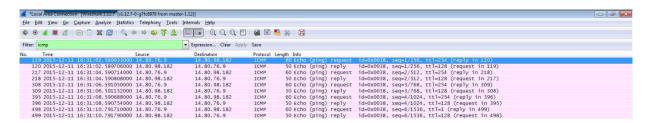


#### Using WireShark with an MCU as a Syslog server

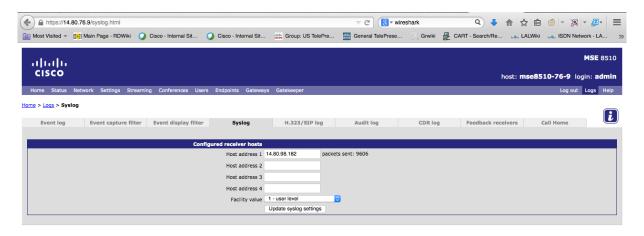
To use WireShark as a Syslog server, you want to 1st be sure that the computer hosting WireShark is able to receive packets from the MCU. To do so, start WireShark with "display filter" of "icmp". From the (MCU > Network > Connectivity tab), type the IP of the computer hosting WireShark and click on "Test Connectivity". (i.e. 14.80.98.182)



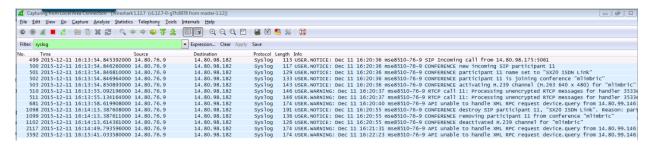
In the WireShark application you should now see the ICMP (ping) packets from the MCU (i.e. 14.80.76.9) while using the "display filter" of "icmp".



Now that you have verified packets from the MCU can route to the computer hosting WireShark, we can configure the syslog settings of the MCU (or other device) to point to WireShark. On the MCU, go to (MCU > Logs > Syslog tab) and apply the IP address of the computer hosting WireShark (i.e. 14.80.98.182), then click "Update syslog settings". The option for Facility value is ok to leave as "1 - user level".



Now with this done and a "display filter" of "syslog", you should be able to see events start to appear in WireShark such as below. You can also point multiple devices' syslog configuration to the same PC running WireShark and later filter all the collected data by IP address. This may be helpful when you are trying to track 2 different devices and want to be able to match up which event happened in which specific order real time.



These are the basic steps to configure WireShark as a Syslog server for any device.

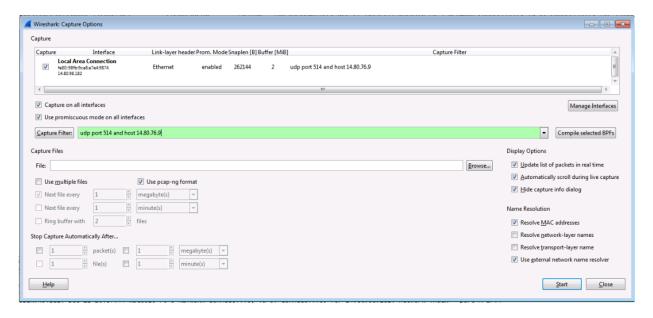
### Advanced configurations

On an MCU, the Event Logs only contain the last 1999 lines of logs which overwrite and cycle through with the newest entries. If you need to enable Trace level of debug logging, you may fill up this log in a couple minutes depending on the event you are trying to monitor. This is the benefit of a Syslog server. It will take all the logs you send it and keep them without overwriting. (Please see your specific Syslog server documentation to further validate).

To best make use of WireShark as a Syslog server, there are settings we can configure to minimize packet capture size. Typical syslog messages are UDP using port 514. As such, we can create a "Capture Filter" in WireShark to only capture packets destined for UDP port 514. Do begin, in WireShark, go to (WireShark > Capture > Options)



In the field next to the "Capture Filter" button, type "udp port 514 and host <ip of wireshark>" i.e. 14.80.76.9. If the syntax is correct, the field should highlight green. If so, click Start. If we want to capture syslog event from multiple IP addresses, just use "udp port 514" as a "capture filter". That way you can sort the data later as desired.



Now with the "capture filter" above applied, Wireshark will only capture UDP packets from 14.80.76.9:514. All other packets will be ignored. Notice there is no "Display Filter" needed as we are already filtering which packets to capture. We can now safely run the WireShark capture for several hours without worry of size as we are only capturing a minimal amount of packets.

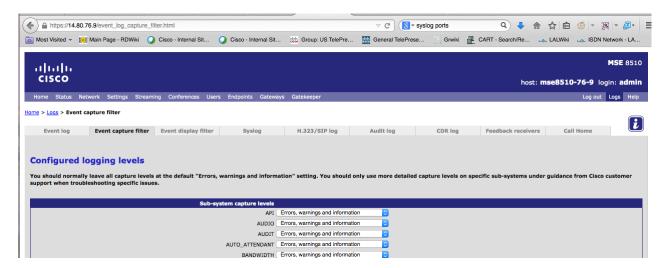


### Enable increased MCU logging

There are times where we will want to run a test for an extended period with increased log levels, for instance a SIP call. Typically the H.323/SIP logs (MCU > Logs > H.323/SIP Logs) when enabled will capture most of the dialog needed (also know as Protocol logs depending on MCU version), but if more detail is needed, we can enable Event Capture Filters for specific issues. This will increase the Event log output, which is what is sent to the Syslog server. H.323/SIP (or Protocol) logs are only stored locally and are not sent to the syslog server. TelePresence MCU's have the ability starting in 4.1(1.79) to transfer the Protocol logs to a HTTP(S) client (not covered in this article). For more details please see the article below: (Cisco Internal)

https://techzone.cisco.com/t5/Conferencing/How-to-capture-extended-Protocol-Logging-for-TelePresence-Server/ta-p/836459

When in need to increase debug logging, go to (MCU > Logs > Event Capture Filters).

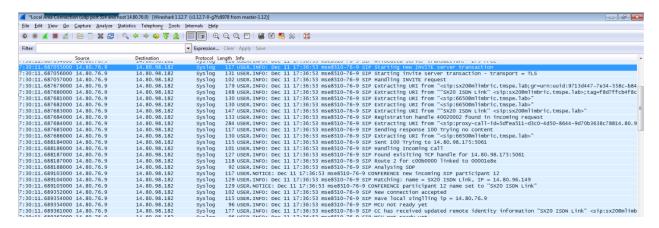


By default, all logging is set to "Errors, warnings and information" (EWI). This is the log level that should be set for normal use. When in need to increase logging, you will want to select "Errors, warnings, information and trace" (EWIT). Once you have made your selection, click "Update Settings". You will be prompted to confirm your selection as this may effect performance. Ideally you would want to run these log levels when there is low system utilization. As you see below, I have enabled SIP debug levels to (EWIT) and have a warning next to it (after updating the settings) to inform this may affect system performance. Keep in mind if there is an issue, there is usually good reason we need to run these traces.



Note: Please be sure to set the log levels back to (EWI) once done testing.

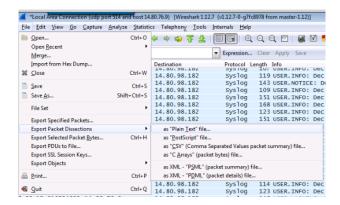
Now looking at Wireshark, we will have a lot more activity, especially when running another SIP call as before. As you can see below, a lot more details are logged on the MCU. Keep in mind this is not a port span of the MCU, so you will not see the entire SIP dialog messages as you will in the Protocol logs, but this will display how the MCU processes these messages internally. If you want to capture the SIP dialog messages, use the Protocol logs or a port span.



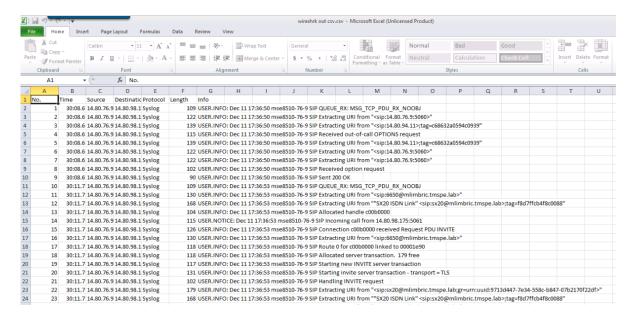
#### Saving the WireShark data

After you stop the capture, having collected the data you were looking for in WireShark from the syslogs, you can export as a new packet capture or text file. In WireShark, go to (File > Export Specified Packets...). This is typically used when you have a large capture and you want to export currently showing packets displayed on screen from a specific "Display Filter". If you have only a "Capture Filter" enabled, you can save the WireShark capture as a normal pcap file (File > Save As...).

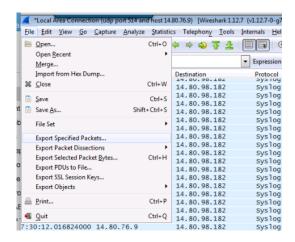
To Export to a text file, I recommend (File > Export Packet Dissections > as "CSV" (Comma Separated Values packet summary) file...) format



I find it is easier to look at and closely resembles the WireShark display output when viewing with Excel.



Alternatively, to export the capture as a text file, go to (File > Export Packet Dissections > as "Plain Text" file...).



#### This view is not formatted as clean as the CSV format